

PRODUCT INFORMATION

日本語データシート

Product Name : pET Expression pack (pETUK)

Code No. : DS255UK

Kit Component :



Component	Code No.	Contents
pET Expression vector pETUK	DV220	15 µg (lyophilized plasmid contains salt of TE buffer)
DynaCompetent Cells Zip BL21(DE3)	DS255	3 tubes (100 µL/tube), transformation efficiency: 2×10^6 cfu/µg (pUC19)

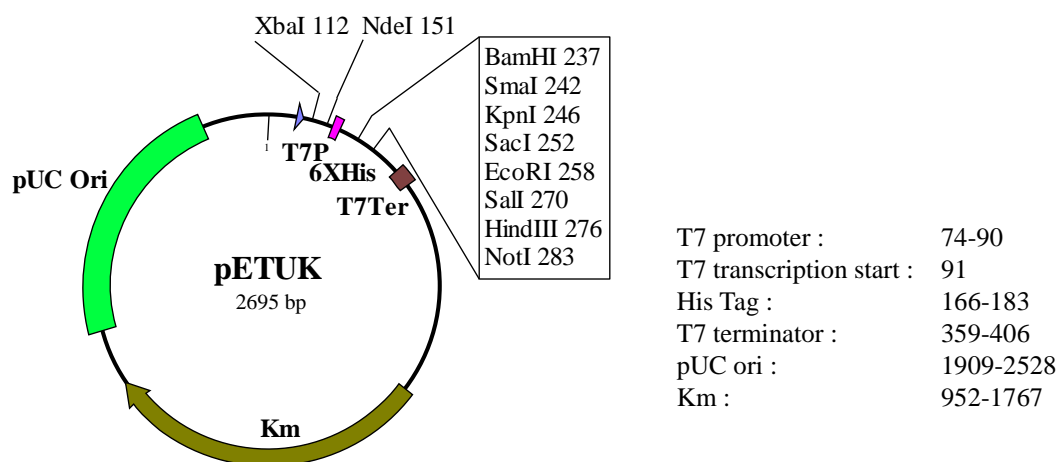
Storage : Store at -80°C

Product Description:

1) pET Expression vector pETUK

pETUK is a high copy number, kanamycin resistant, T7 bacterial expression vector. The T7 expression system is one of the strongest expression systems and has been widely used with a coupling of BL21 (DE3) *E. coli* strain. T7 RNA polymerase gene is integrated in a genome of BL21(DE3) under control of lacUV5 promoter. Upon addition of isopropyl-1-thio-β-D-galactopyranoside (IPTG), T7 RNA polymerase is expressed in the BL21(DE3) cells harboring pETUK vector, and it induces a high-level protein expression from T7 promoter of pETUK. BioDynamics Laboratory Inc. offers several kinds of T7 bacterial expression vectors. Among them, pETUK is suitable for a high level expression of non-toxic proteins and the high copy number of pETUK in *E. coli* cells is beneficial for plasmid preparation.

| Plasmid Map:



| Reconstitution : Resuspend the lyophilized pETUK with 15 µl of sterile water to make 1 µg/µl plasmid in $1 \times$ TE buffer. After reconstitution, store at -20°C

Ver. 2.0

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| Features of T7 expression vectors

BioDynamics Laboratory Inc. provides 6 kinds of T7 expression vectors, pETUA, pETBA, pETIA, pETUK, pETBK, and pETIK. These vectors have the same multicloning site and specific feature of each vector is below:

	Plasmid copy number	Replicon	Antibiotic resistance	Feature and recommendation
pETUA	high copy	pUC	ampicillin	for non-toxic protein expression
pETBA	medium copy	pMB1	ampicillin	general expression
pETIA	medium copy	pMB1	ampicillin	stringent regulation with lac repressor
pETUK	high copy	pUC	kanamycin	for non-toxic protein expression
pETBK	medium copy	pMB1	kanamycin	general expression
pETIK	medium copy	pMB1	kanamycin	stringent regulation with lac repressor

2) DynaCompetent Cells Zip BL21(DE3)

The DynaCompetent Cells Zip BL21(DE3) is designed for a rapid transformation procedure. It requires neither heat shock nor culture after heat shock. Transformation of the DynaCompetent Cells Zip BL21(DE3) is completed within about 5 minutes. The time-saving procedure is a great benefit for researchers and experimenters. The strain, BL21(DE3), is one of the popular strains for the protein expression. BL21(DE3) contains the λ DE3 lysogen, which expresses T7 RNA polymerase under the control of the *lacUV5* promoter¹⁾. Upon addition of isopropyl-1-thio- β -D-galactopyranoside (IPTG), T7 RNA polymerase is expressed and it induces a high-level protein expression from T7 promoter driven expression vectors. *E. coli* BL21(DE3) strain is a derivative of *E. coli* B strain and lacks both the *lon* protease and the *ompT* membrane protease which may degrade expressed proteins.

| Genotype of *E. coli* strain BL21(DE3) :

F⁻ *ompT hsdS*(r_B⁻ m_B⁻) *gal dcm* λ (DE3) (λ (DE3): *lacI, lacUV5-T7 gene 1, ind1, sam7, nin5*)

| Storage condition of DynaCompetent Cells Zip BL21(DE3) :

Stable at -80°C with little or no loss in transformation efficiency for 12 months from the date of receipt. Competent cells are sensitive to variation in temperature. Must be stored at -80°C. Upon receipt, store the DynaCompetent Cells Zip BL21(DE3) in a freezer at -80°C directly from the dry ice shipping box.

| Handling of competent cells :

- Competent cells are sensitive to mechanical shock. Excessive mixing should be avoided.
- After thawing competent cells on ice, cells tend to lose transformation efficiency gradually. Transformation should be started immediately after the cells have thawed on ice.
- Use of refrozen competent cells is not recommended.

| Quality Control of DynaCompetent Cells Zip BL21(DE3):

Transformation was carried out according to the method described in this Product Information using supercoiled pUC19 plasmid. Transformants were plated on LB plates containing 50 μ g/mL ampicillin. The efficiency was confirmed to be greater than 2×10^6 cfu/ μ g.

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Product Usage

| Cloning of a gene to pETUK:

Below is the multiple cloning site of pETUK. To express a recombinant protein correctly, it is necessary to clone the gene of interest in frame with an N-terminal peptide of pETUK. The start codon of pETUK is boxed ATG in the below figure. Digest pETUK completely with appropriate restriction enzyme(s) to form DNA ends which can be ligated to the gene of interest. If only one restriction enzyme is used, dephosphorylation of a vector is often performed. Ligation of processed pETUK and the gene of interest can be performed by the standard procedure. The following transformation procedure should be done with non-expression hosts such as DH5 α or JM109. In the transformation, recombinant cells should be selected on LB agar plates containing 15-25 μ g/ml of kanamycin., because higher concentration of kanamycin often retarded cell growth on the agar plates. Recombinant plasmids derived from pETUK are selected by colony-PCR, enzyme digestion of prepared plasmids, or other methods. Sequencing of cloning portion and an insert region on the obtained plasmid is recommended to determine the correct recombinant plasmids for expression experiments.

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                T7 promoter                                XbaI
GATCCCGCGA AATTAATACG ACTCACTATA GGGAGACCAC AACGGTTTCC CTCTAGAAAT 120
AspProAlaL ysLeuIleAr gLeuThrIle GlyArgProG lnArgPhePr oSerArgAsn
                NdeI                                6xHis
AATTTTGTTF AACTTTAAGA AGGAGATATA CATATGCGGG GTTCTCATCA TCATCATCAT 180
AsnPheVal* **Leu***Gl uGlyAspIle HisMetArgG lySerHisHi sHisHisHis
                EK                                BamHI
CATGGTATGG CTAGCATGAC TGGTGGACAG CAAATGGGTC GGGACGATGA CGATAAGGAT
240
HisGlyMetA laSerMetTh rGlyGlyGln GlnMetGlyA rgAspAspAs pAspLysAsp
                KpnI                                EcoRI                                SalI                                NotI                                ↑
CCCCGGGTAC CGAGCTCGAA TTCGATTCG TCGACAAGCT TAGCGGCCCG CGTTTAAATCC 300
                SmaI                                SacI                                HindIII
ProArgValP roSerSerAs nSerIleSer SerThrSerL euAlaAlaAl aVal***Ser

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EK: Enterokinase recognition sequence (AspAspAspAspLys↓)

ATG: start codon

TAA: stop codon

| pETUK Sequence

DNA sequences are available on our web site.



https://www.biodynamics.co.jp/prd_dv200.htm

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| Transformation:

- Materials to be supplied by user
 - LB plates containing an appropriate antibiotic
 - Ice bucket with ice
 - Sterile spreaders

- Transformation procedure
 1. Thaw one tube of competent cells on ice. One tube contains 100 μ L of cells for each transformation.
 2. Add DNA sample* directly into the competent cells and mix by flicking the tube.
 - *¹ The volume of DNA sample should not exceed 5 % of that of competent cells (i.e. for 100 μ L of competent cells, use ≤ 5 μ L).
 - *² If it is predicted that you will have too many colonies on the LB plate, dilute the plasmid solution with autoclaved water.
 3. Leave the tube on ice for 5 minutes.
 4. Spread the 100 μ l of the cells to a 37°C pre-warmed LB agar plate containing an appropriate antibiotic.
 5. Incubate the plates at 37°C overnight.

| Expression:

1. Following transformation, pick a colony and inoculate it into 3 mL of LB medium containing the appropriate antibiotic with shaking at 37°C, overnight.
2. The next morning, transfer 0.5 mL of the overnight culture to a new 10 mL of LB medium containing the appropriate antibiotic to select the expression plasmid. Grow the culture with shaking at 37°C until the OD₆₀₀ reaches 0.5 (approximately 2 hrs but this depended on the expression plasmids).

When using BL21(DE3)pLys, chloramphenicol is not usually required in the short-period culture.

3. When the OD₆₀₀ reaches 0.5, transfer an aliquot (e.g., 1 mL) of the culture to a new centrifuge tube and centrifuge it to harvest cells. Store the cells at -80°C until analysis.

Add IPTG to a final concentration of 1 mM to the rest of the culture and grow the culture with shaking at 37°C for 3 hours.

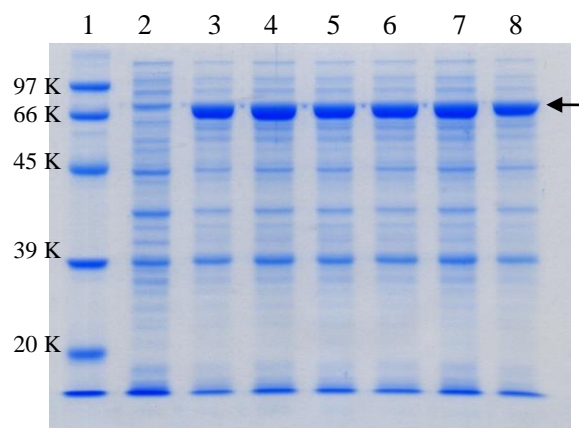
The IPTG concentration and induction time are general values. It is recommended to determine the optimal condition for the target gene expression.

4. After the induction, harvest the cells. To analyze the expression, before harvesting the cells, transfer an aliquot of the culture (e.g., 1 mL) and centrifuge it to precipitate the cells.

| Analysis:

1. Suspend the precipitated cells (from the 1 mL culture) in 200 μ l of 1 \times PBS buffer.
2. Mix an aliquot of the suspension (e.g., 100 μ l) with an equal volume of 2 \times SDS sample buffer.
3. Heat the mixture at 85°C for 5 min, then centrifuge at 10,000 g for 10 min. Subject the supernatant (e.g., 5-25 μ l) to SDS-PAGE. Western blot will help analyzing the expression of the target protein.
 - 2 \times SDS sample buffer : 2 % sodium dodecyl sulfate, 5 % 2-mercaptoethanol, 20 % glycerol, 0.02 % BPB, 62.5 mM Tris-HCl, pH6.8
 - 1 \times PBS buffer.: 20 mM sodium phosphate, 150 mM sodium chloride, pH7.4

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An arrow shows the expressed 65 KDa proteins.

Figure of protein expression from pETUK

A gene of 65 KDa protein was cloned into pETUK (pETUK/65K). BL21(DE3) cell was transformed with the pETUK/65K, six colonies were picked and followed the "Protein Expression Procedure" as above. After induction, aliquot of the cells from each culture was subjected to 10 % polyacrylamide gel SDS electrophoresis. The gel was stained with Quick Blue Protein Staining Solution (BioDynamics Laboratory Inc. #DS500).

Lane 1: DynaMarker Protein Eco (#DM610)

Lane 2 : BL21(DE3) harboring pETUK but not pETUK/65K

Lane 3-8 : BL21(DE3) cells, clones 1-6

• Notes for expression:

1. As the T7 expression method is a high-level protein expression system, some basal level expression of the target protein will occur in uninduced cells. This is likely problematic in cases in which the target protein is toxic to *E. coli* cells. In this case, it may be necessary to decrease the basal level expression as follows:

- Use a lower-copy number T7 expression vector, pETBA, pETBK, but not pETUA, pETUK
- Use a stringent regulated expression vector, pETIA, pETIK.
- Use liquid medium and agar plates supplemented with glucose (0.5 -1 %).
Glucose is known to decrease a basal expression from *lacUV5* promoter².
- Use BL21(DE3)pLysS strain but not BL21(DE3) strain.

The T7 Lysozyme encoded in a pLysS plasmid reduces the basal level of T7 RNA polymerase Expression³. This leads to suppression of the basal level expression of the target protein.

2. When expressing proteins in BL21(DE3) cells, if it takes a longer time (5 hrs or more) to reach 0.5 at OD₆₀₀ after inoculating the overnight culture (0.5 ml) to a new LB medium (10 ml), the expressed protein is likely toxic to *E. coli* cells.

3. When BL21(DE3) cells lyse after induction with IPTG, the expressed protein is likely toxic to *E. coli* cells.

Reference:

- Studier, F.W. and Moffatt, B.A., *J. Mol. Biol.* 189 (1986) 113–130.
- Moffatt, B.A. and Studier, F.W., *Cell* 49 (1987) 221-227
- Pan, S. and Malcom, B.A., *BioTechniques* 29 (2000), 1234–1238

General reference in this Product Information

Sambrook, J. and Russell, D.W. (2001) *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, 3rd ed., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, NY.

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Related Products:

DS250	DynaCompetent Cells BL21(DE3)
DS260	DynaCompetent Cells BL21(DE3)pLysS
DS258	DynaCompetent Cells BL21(DE3) for Electroporation
DS230	DynaCompetent Cells JetGiga DH5 α

Purchaser Notification:

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